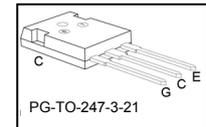
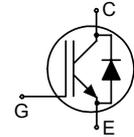


Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in 2nd generation TrenchStop® with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- Best in class TO247
- Short circuit withstand time – 10µs
- Designed for :
 - Frequency Converters
 - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- **TrenchStop® 2nd generation** for 1200 V applications offers :
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- Easy paralleling capability due to positive temperature coefficient in $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



| Type | V_{CE} | I_C | $V_{CE(sat), T_j=25^\circ C}$ | $T_{j,max}$ | Marking Code | Package |
|-------------|----------|-------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| IKW40N120T2 | 1200V | 40A | 1.75V | 175°C | K40T1202 | PG-TO-247-3-21 |

Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|--------------|-----------------|------|
| Collector-emitter voltage | V_{CE} | 1200 | V |
| DC collector current ($T_j=150^\circ C$) | I_C | 75 ² | A |
| $T_C = 25^\circ C$ | | 40 | |
| $T_C = 110^\circ C$ | | | |
| Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$ | $I_{C,puls}$ | 160 | |
| Turn off safe operating area | - | 160 | |
| $V_{CE} \leq 1200V, T_j \leq 175^\circ C$ | | | |
| DC Diode forward current ($T_j=150^\circ C$) | I_F | 75 ² | |
| $T_C = 25^\circ C$ | | 40 | |
| $T_C = 110^\circ C$ | | | |
| Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$ | $I_{F,puls}$ | 160 | |
| Gate-emitter voltage | V_{GE} | ± 20 | V |
| Short circuit withstand time ³⁾ | t_{SC} | 10 | µs |
| $V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CC} \leq 600V, T_{j,start} \leq 175^\circ C$ | | | |
| Power dissipation | P_{tot} | 480 | W |
| $T_C = 25^\circ C$ | | | |
| Operating junction temperature | T_j | -40...+175 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | -55...+150 | |
| Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s Wavesoldering only, temperature on leads only | - | 260 | |

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

² Limited by bond wire

³⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Max. Value | Unit |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|------|
| Characteristic | | | | |
| IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJC} | | 0.31 | K/W |
| Diode thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJCD} | | 0.53 | |
| Thermal resistance, junction – ambient | R_{thJA} | | 40 | |

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|-------|------|------|------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| Static Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | $V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$ | 1200 | - | - | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=40A$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=150\text{ °C}$ $T_j=175\text{ °C}$ | - | 1.75 | 2.2 | |
| | | | - | 2.25 | - | |
| | | | - | 2.3 | - | |
| Diode forward voltage | V_F | $V_{GE}=0V, I_F=40A$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=150\text{ °C}$ $T_j=175\text{ °C}$ | - | 1.75 | 2.2 | mV |
| | | | - | 1.80 | - | |
| | | | - | 1.80 | - | |
| Gate-emitter threshold voltage | $V_{GE(th)}$ | $I_C=1.5mA, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$ | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.4 | |
| Zero gate voltage collector current | I_{CES} | $V_{CE}=1200V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=15\text{ °C}$ $T_j=175\text{ °C}$ | - | - | 0.4 | mA |
| | | | - | - | 4.0 | |
| | | | - | - | 20 | |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I_{GES} | $V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$ | - | - | 200 | nA |
| Transconductance | g_{fs} | $V_{CE}=20V, I_C=40A$ | - | 21 | - | S |

Dynamic Characteristic

| | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|---|------------|---|----|
| Input capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1MHz$ | - | 2360 | - | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | | - | 230 | - | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | | - | 125 | - | |
| Gate charge | Q_{Gate} | $V_{CC}=960V, I_C=40A$ $V_{GE}=15V$ | - | 192 | - | nC |
| Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case | L_E | | - | 13 | - | nH |
| Short circuit collector current ¹⁾ | $I_{C(SC)}$ | $V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC} \leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC} = 600V,$ $T_{j,start} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{j.start} = 175^\circ C$ | - | 220 156 | - | A |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ C$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|-------|------|------|------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=25^\circ C,$ $V_{CC}=600V, I_C=40A,$ $V_{GE}=0/15V,$ $R_G=12\Omega,$ $L_{\sigma}^{2)}=80nH,$ $C_{\sigma}^{2)}=67pF$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. | - | 33 | - | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | - | 28 | - | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 314 | - | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 94 | - | |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | | - | 3.2 | - | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 2.05 | - | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 5.25 | - | |

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

| | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---|---|-----|---|------------|
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=25^\circ C,$ $V_R=600V, I_F=40A,$ $di_F/dt=950A/\mu s$ | - | 258 | - | ns |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 3.3 | - | μC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 23 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 350 | - | A/ μs |

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

²⁾ Leakage inductance L_σ and Stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|--|--------------|---|-------|------|------|------------------------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=600\text{V}, I_C=40\text{A},$ $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V},$ $R_G=12\Omega,$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=180\text{nH},$ $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=67\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. | - | 32 | - | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | - | 28 | - | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 405 | - | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 195 | - | |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | | - | 4.5 | - | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 3.8 | - | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 8.3 | - | |
| Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=600\text{V}, I_F=40\text{A},$ $di_F/dt=950\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 480 | - | ns |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 6.6 | - | μC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 31 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 200 | | $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ |

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

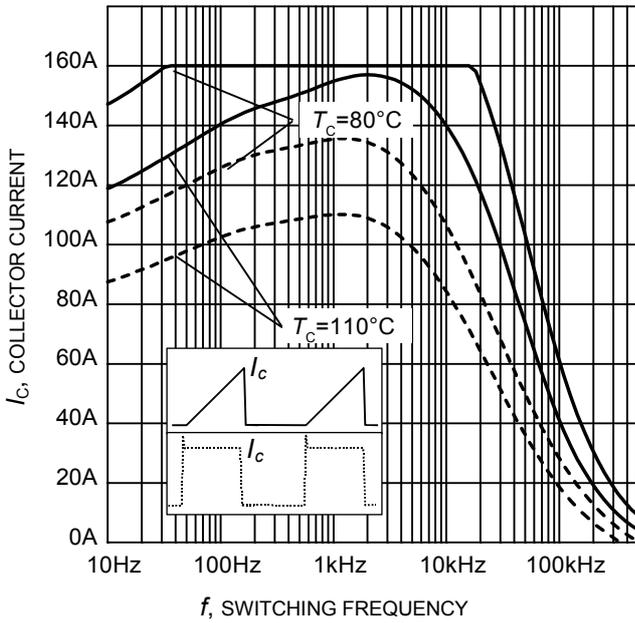


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 ($T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 12\Omega$)

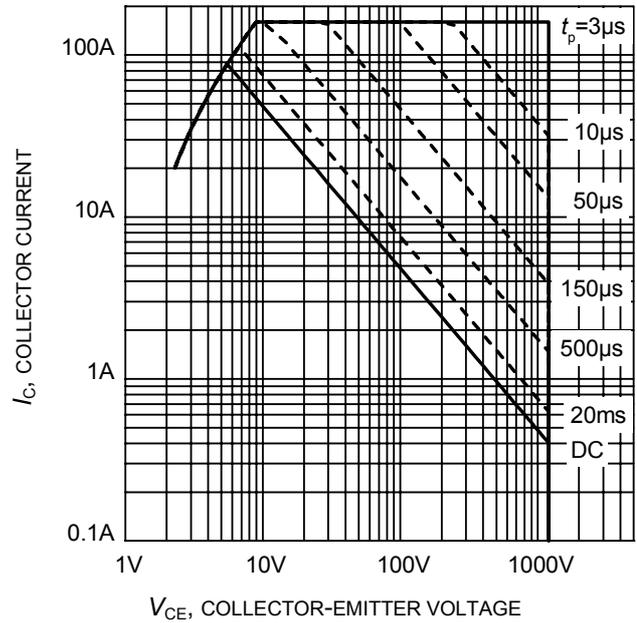


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

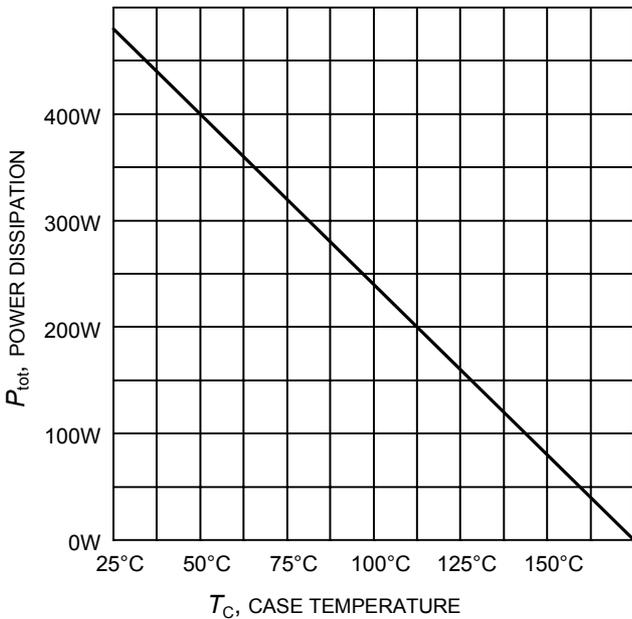


Figure 3. Maximum power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 ($T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

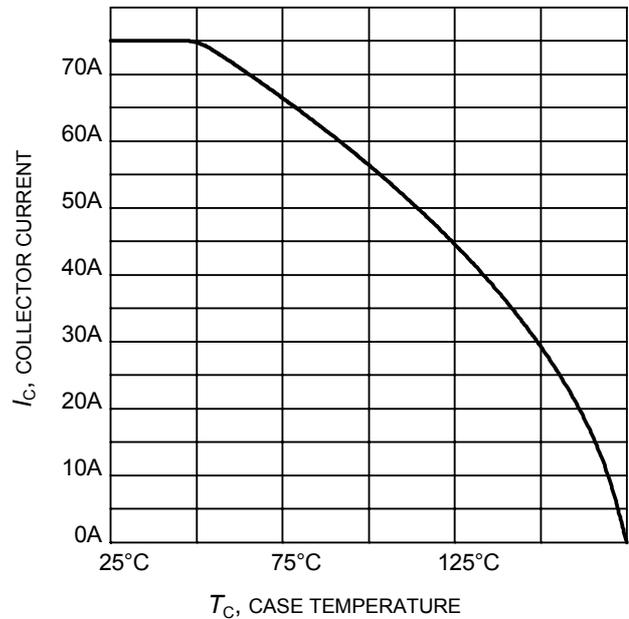
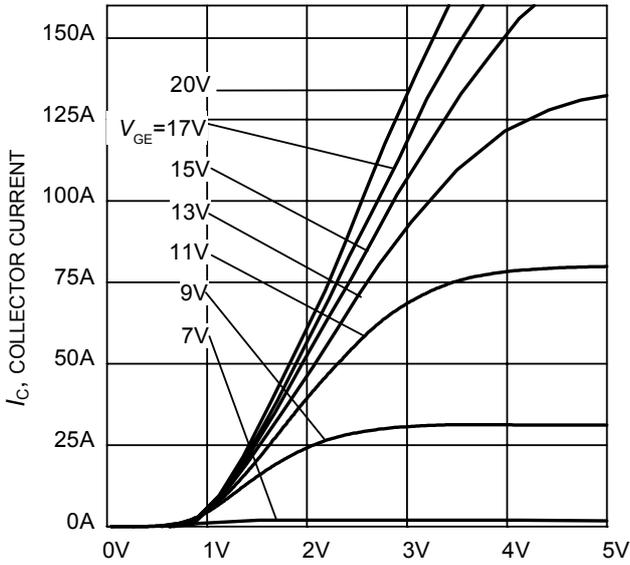
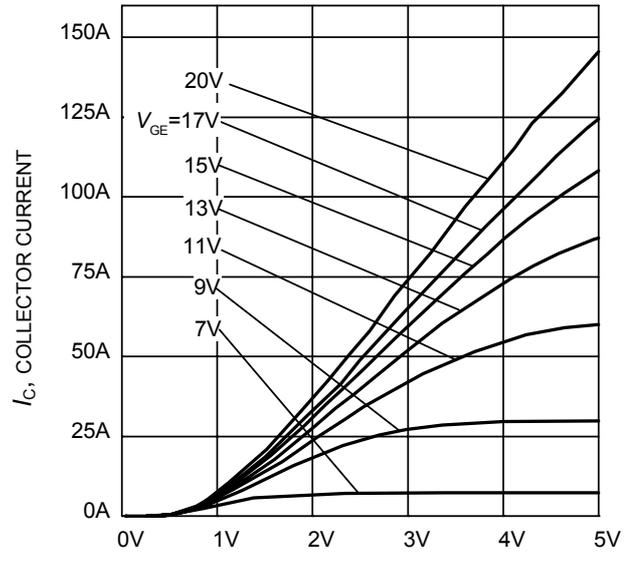


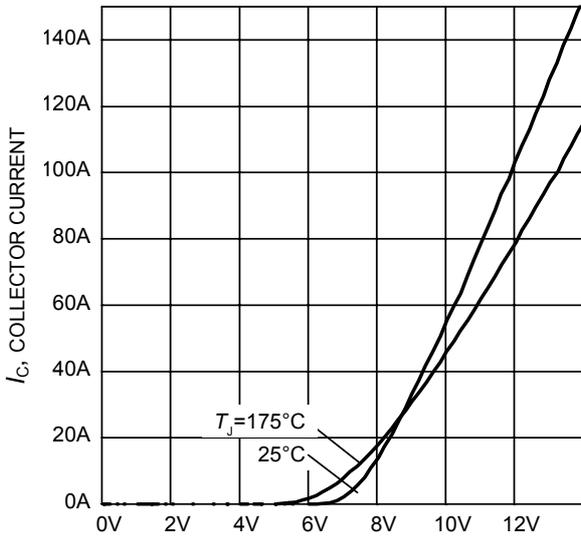
Figure 4. Maximum collector current as a function of case temperature
 ($V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)



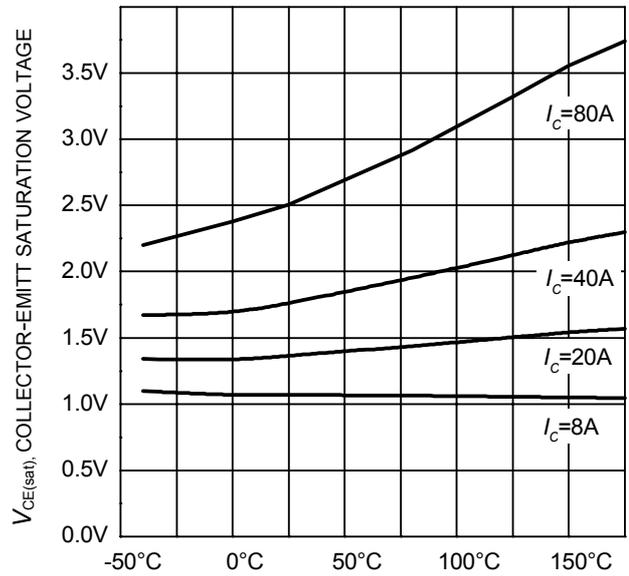
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$)



V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

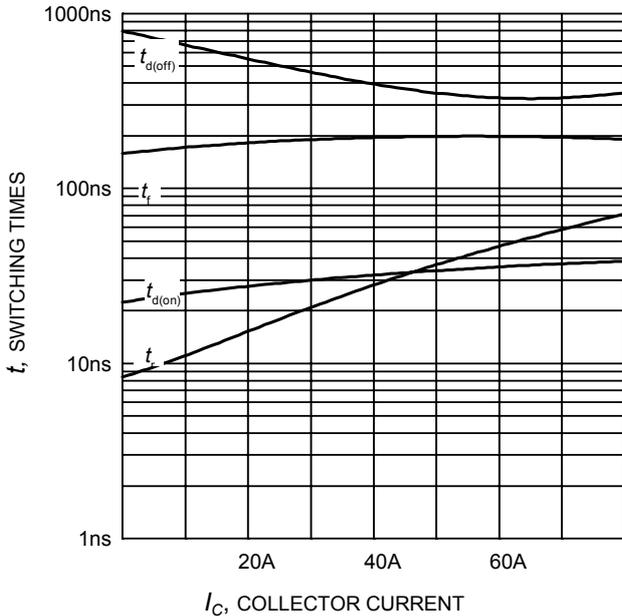


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=12\Omega$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

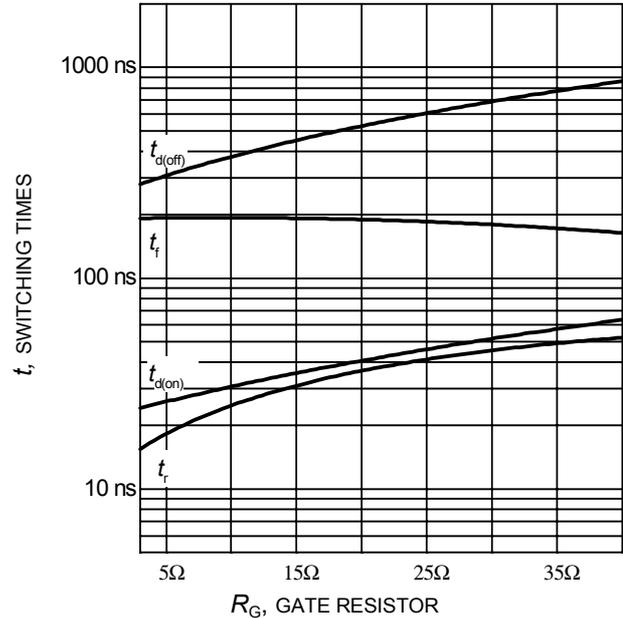


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=40\text{A}$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

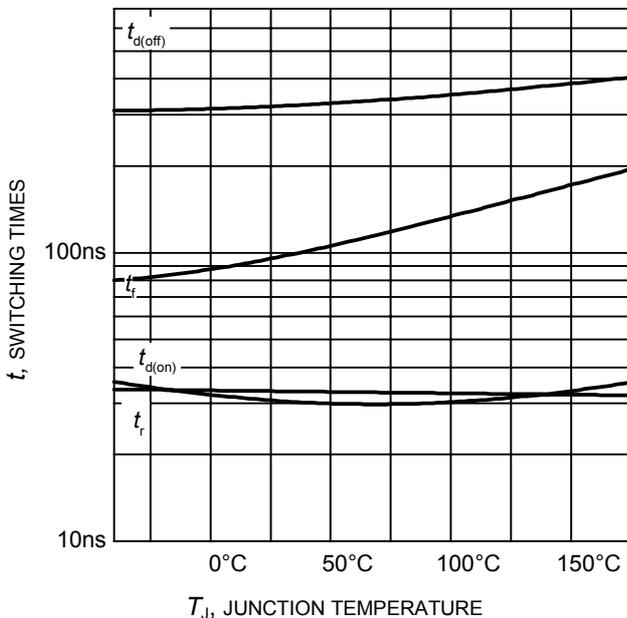


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=40\text{A}$, $R_G=12\Omega$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

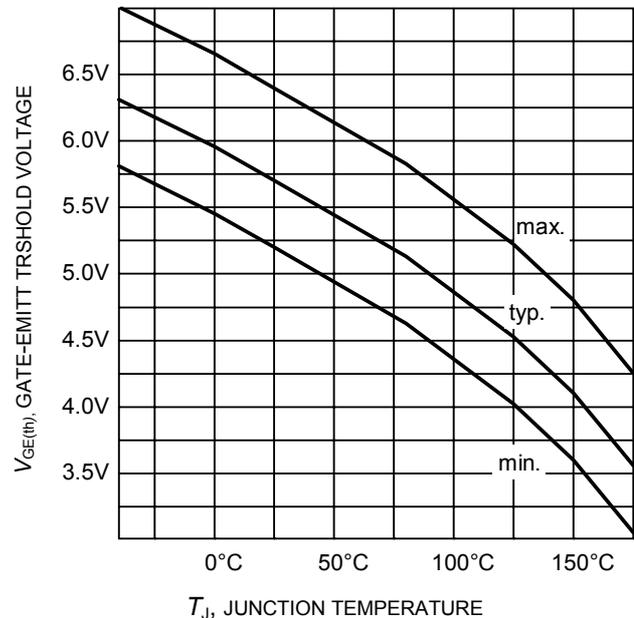


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
 ($I_C = 1.5\text{mA}$)

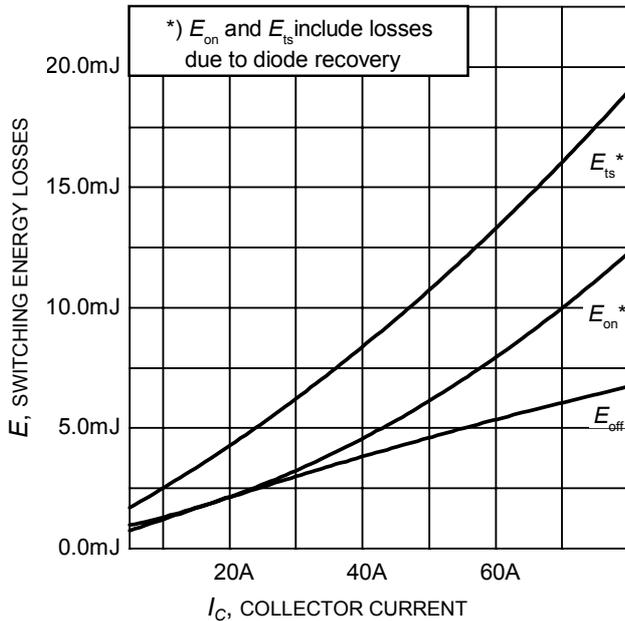


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=12\Omega$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

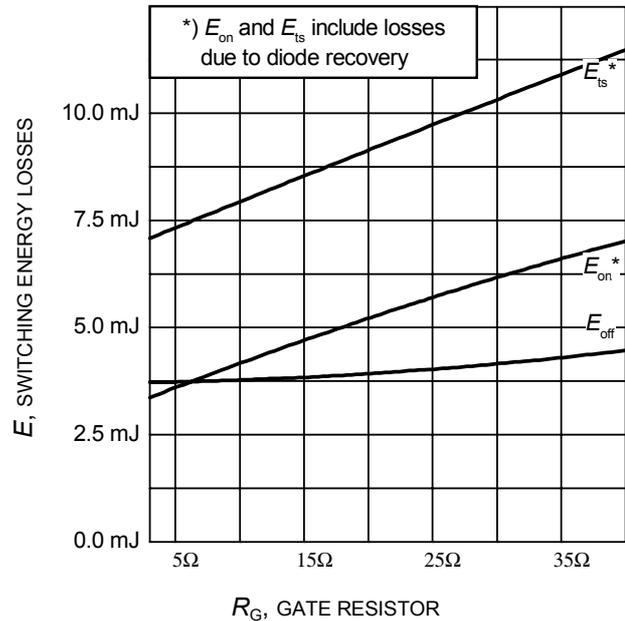


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=40\text{A}$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

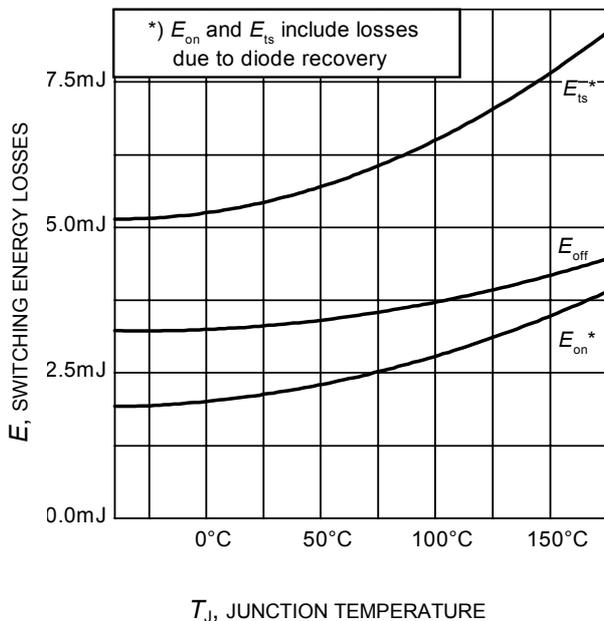


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=40\text{A}$, $R_G=12\Omega$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

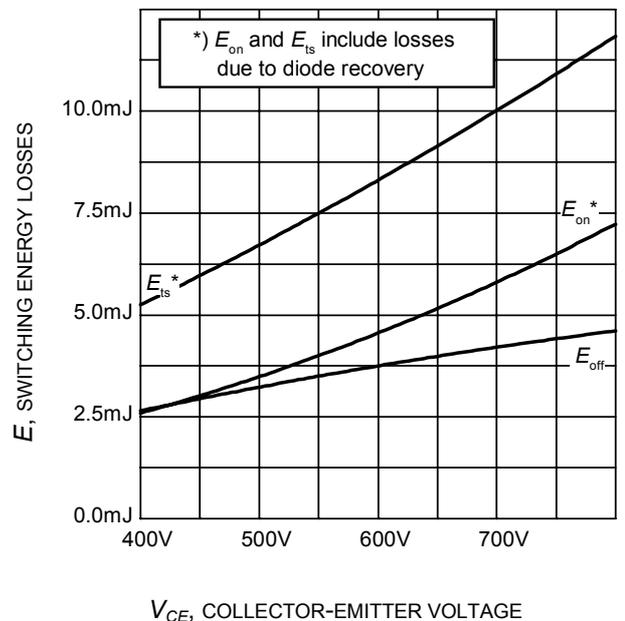


Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=40\text{A}$, $R_G=12\Omega$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

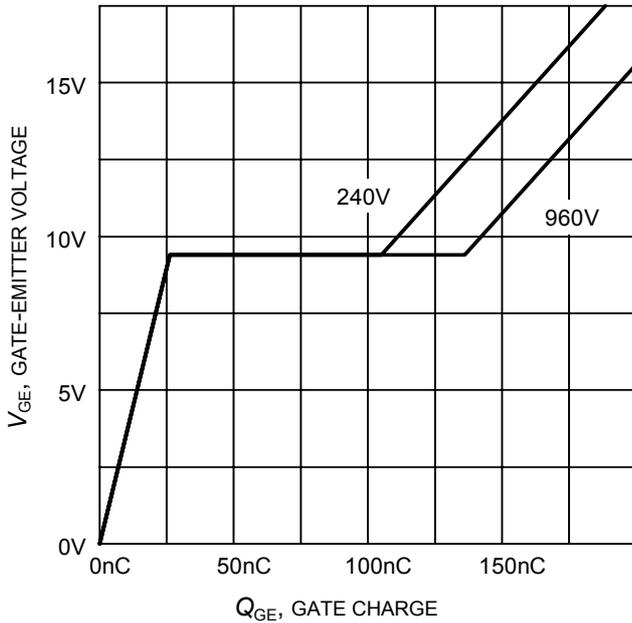


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C=40\text{ A}$)

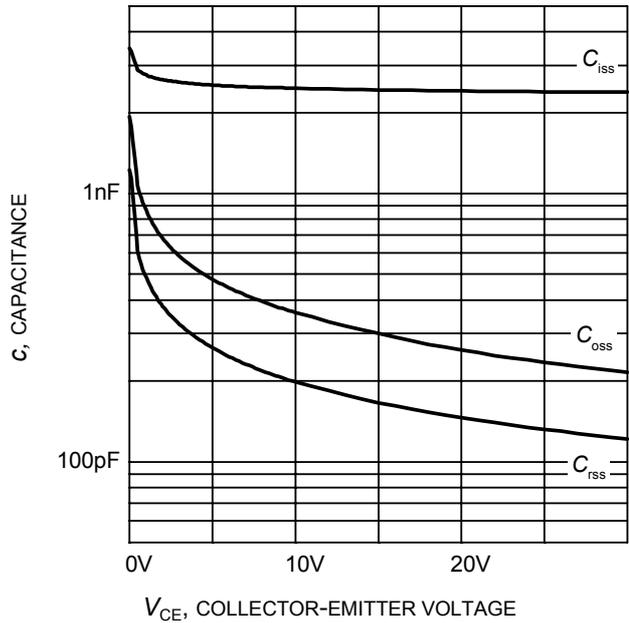


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

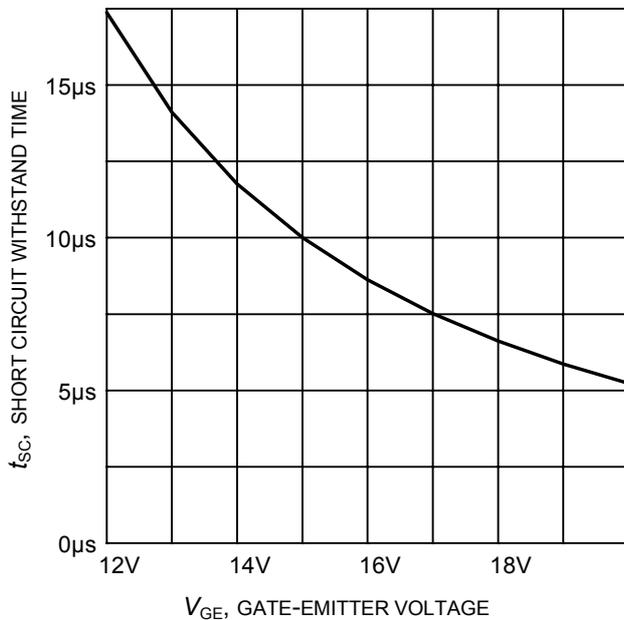


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, start at $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

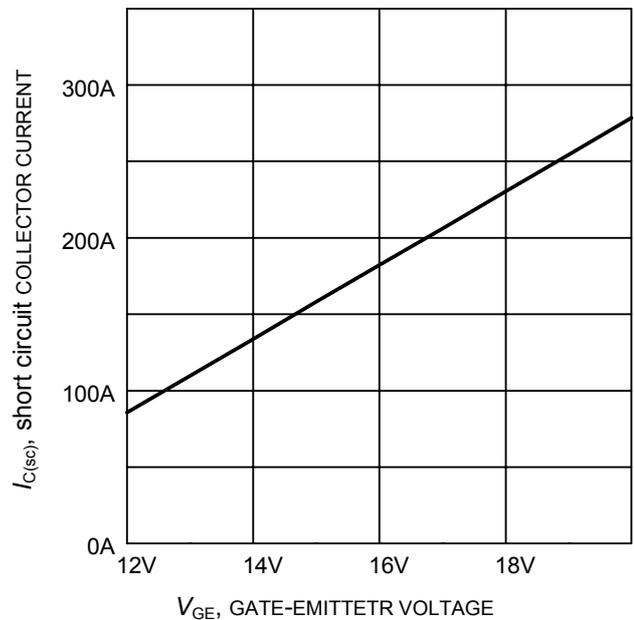


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_{j,\text{start}} = 175^\circ\text{C}$)

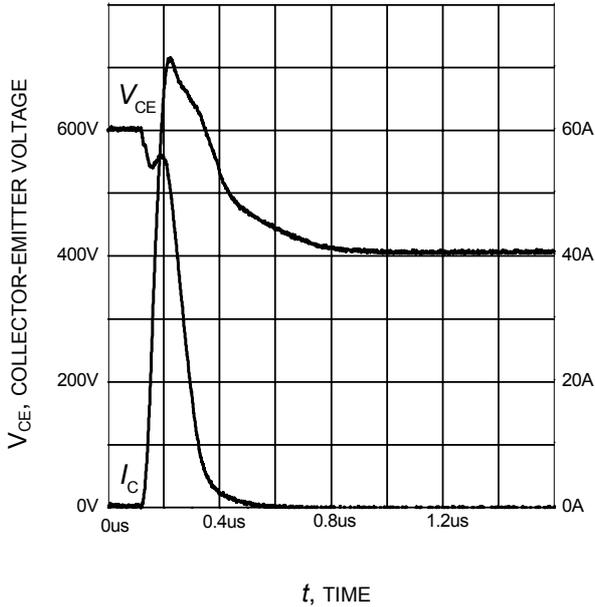


Figure 21. Typical turn on behavior
 ($V_{GE}=0/15V$, $R_G=12\Omega$, $T_j = 175^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

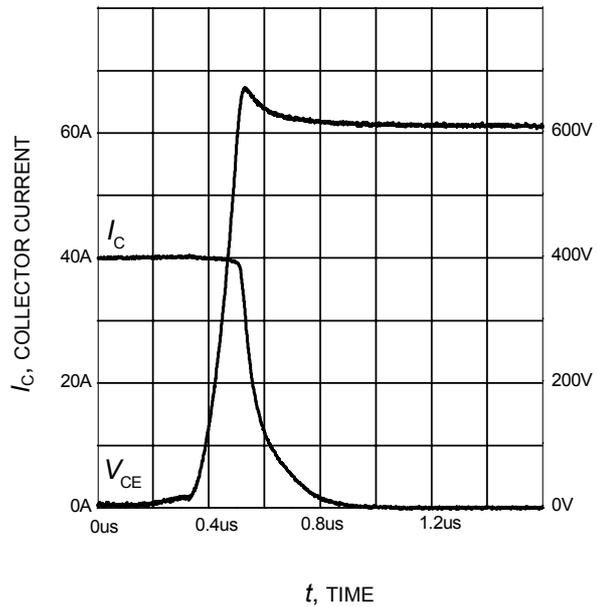


Figure 22. Typical turn off behavior
 ($V_{GE}=15/0V$, $R_G=12\Omega$, $T_j = 175^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

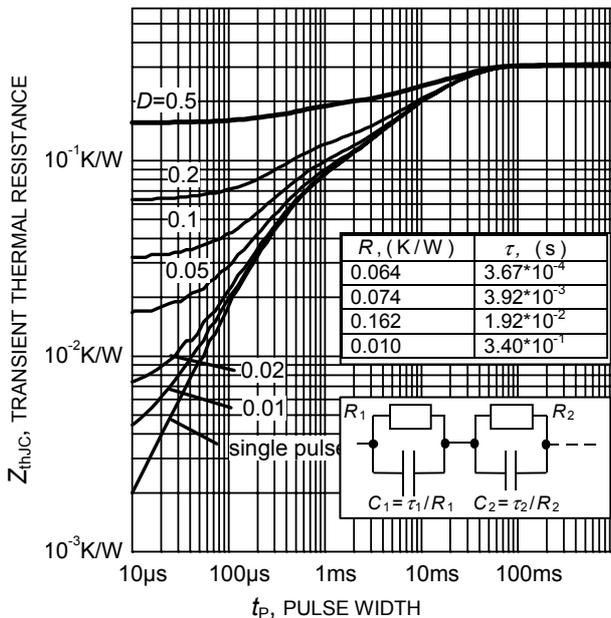


Figure 23. IGBT transient thermal resistance
 ($D = t_p / T$)

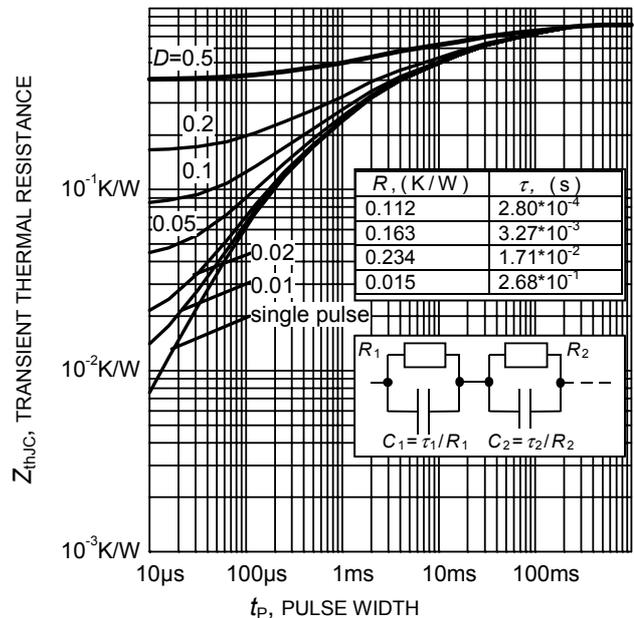


Figure 24. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 ($D = t_p / T$)

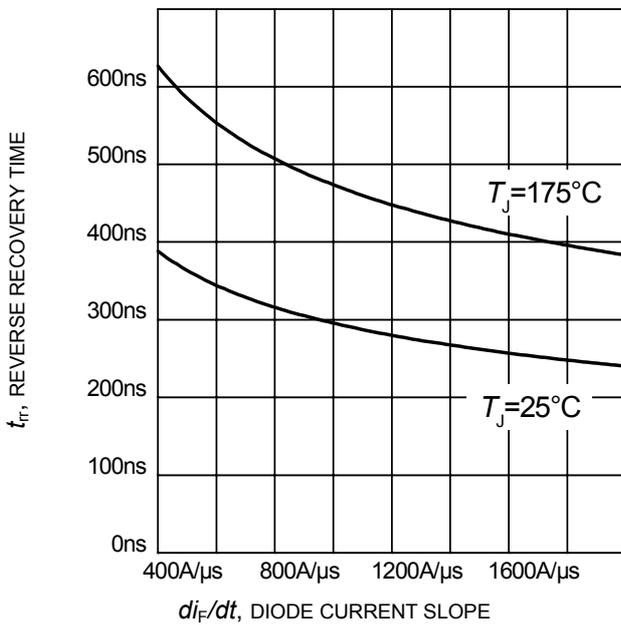


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=600V$, $I_F=40A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

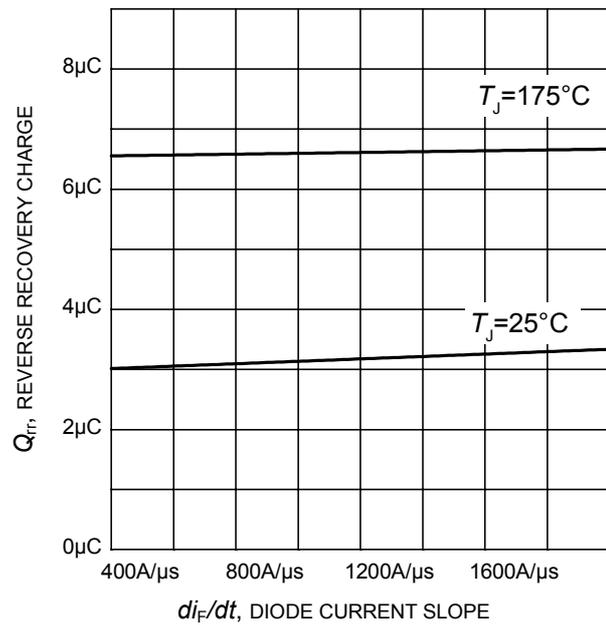


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=600V$, $I_F=40A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

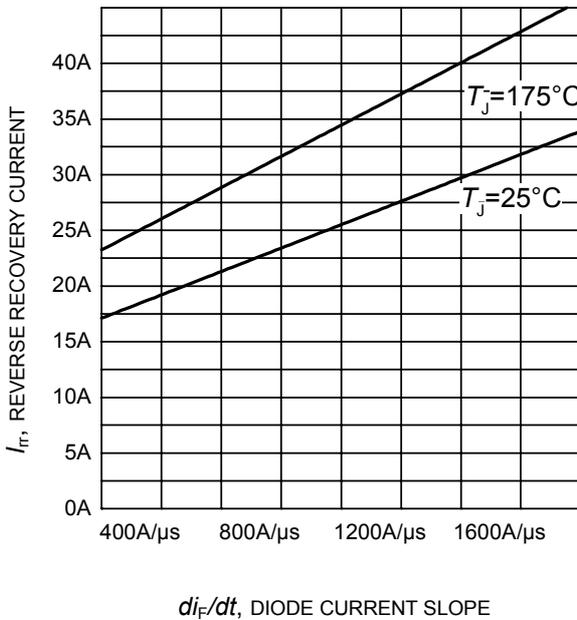


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=600V$, $I_F=40A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

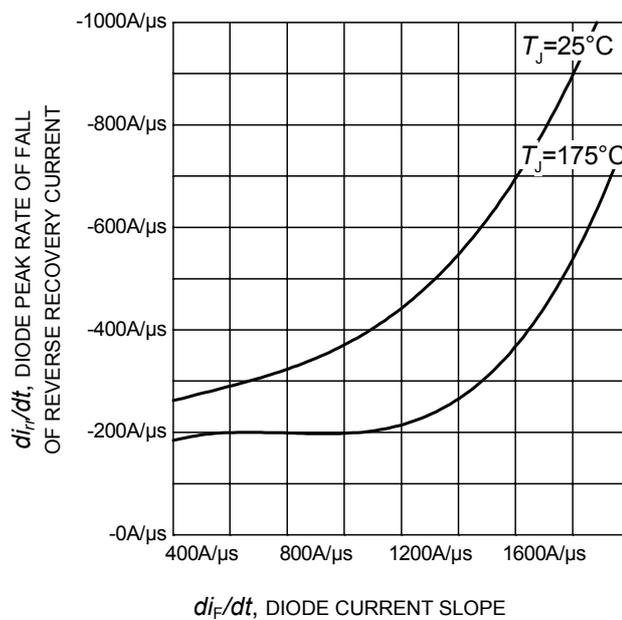


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=600V$, $I_F=40A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

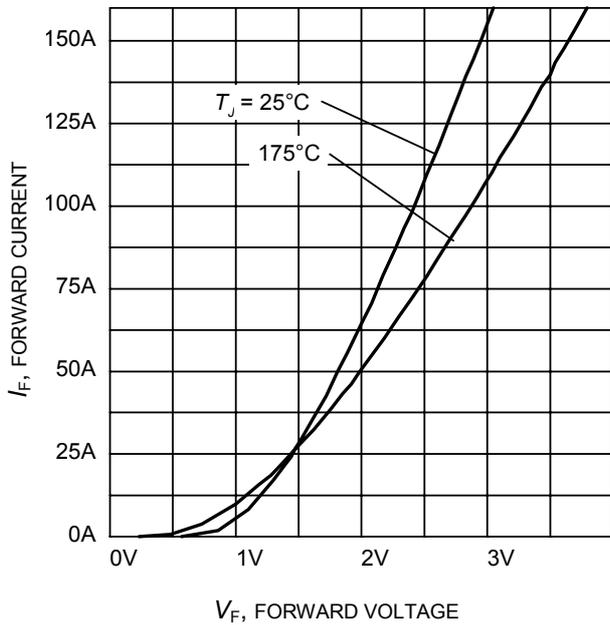


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

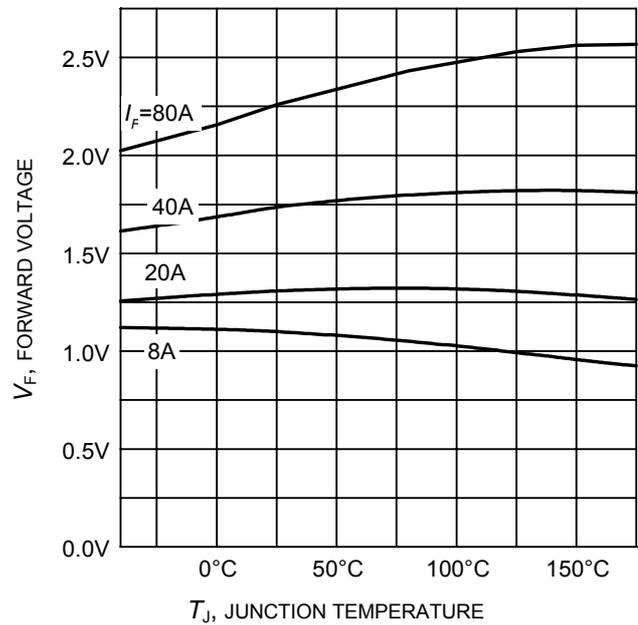
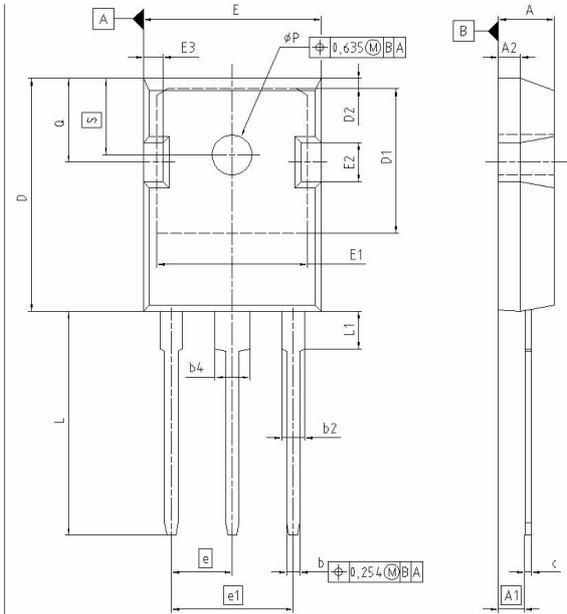


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO247-3-21



| DIM | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | |
|-----|-------------|--------|--------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 4.903 | 5.157 | 0.193 | 0.203 |
| A1 | 2.273 | 2.527 | 0.092 | 0.096 |
| A2 | 1.853 | 2.107 | 0.075 | 0.081 |
| b | 1.073 | 1.327 | 0.047 | 0.052 |
| b2 | 1.903 | 2.386 | 0.075 | 0.094 |
| b4 | 2.870 | 3.454 | 0.113 | 0.136 |
| c | 0.549 | 0.752 | 0.024 | 0.030 |
| D | 20.823 | 21.077 | 0.820 | 0.830 |
| D1 | 17.323 | 17.831 | 0.682 | 0.702 |
| D2 | 1.063 | 1.317 | 0.042 | 0.052 |
| E | 15.773 | 16.027 | 0.621 | 0.631 |
| E1 | 13.893 | 14.147 | 0.547 | 0.557 |
| E2 | 3.683 | 3.937 | 0.145 | 0.155 |
| E3 | 1.683 | 1.937 | 0.066 | 0.076 |
| e | 5.450 | | 0.215 | |
| e1 | 10.900 | | 0.430 | |
| N | 3 | | 3 | |
| L | 20.053 | 20.307 | 0.789 | 0.799 |
| L1 | 4.168 | 4.472 | 0.164 | 0.176 |
| φP | 3.559 | 3.661 | 0.140 | 0.144 |
| Q | 5.493 | 5.747 | 0.216 | 0.226 |
| S | 6.043 | 6.297 | 0.238 | 0.248 |

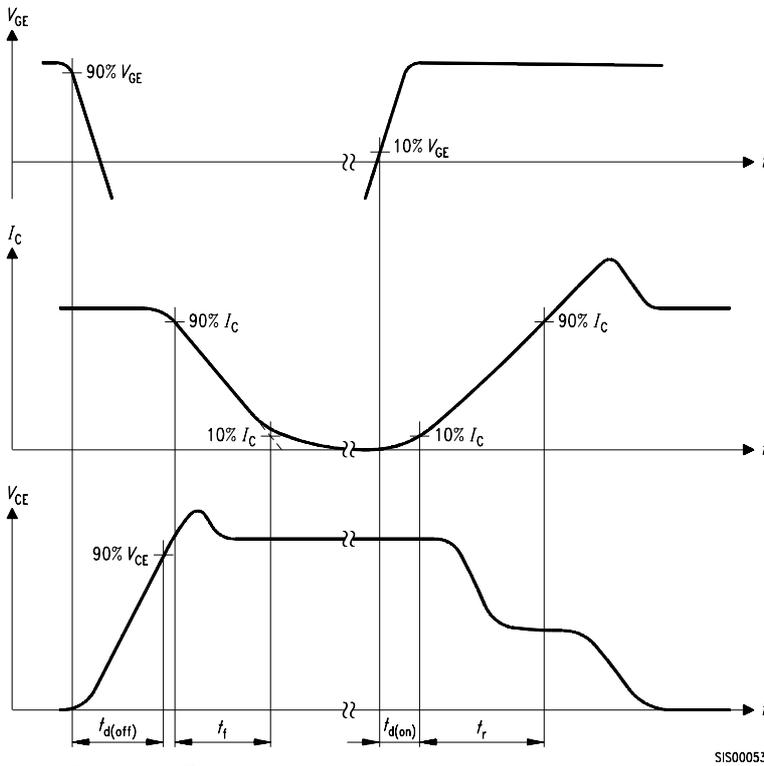


Figure A. Definition of switching times

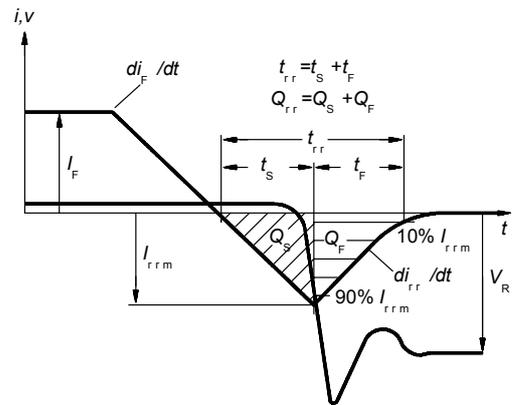


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

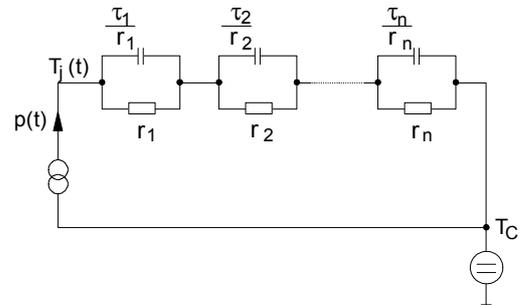


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

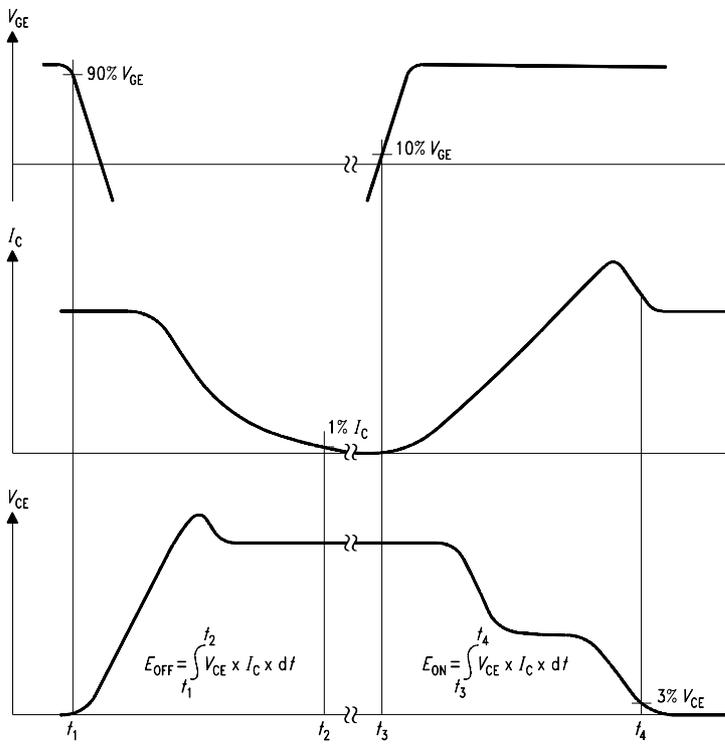


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

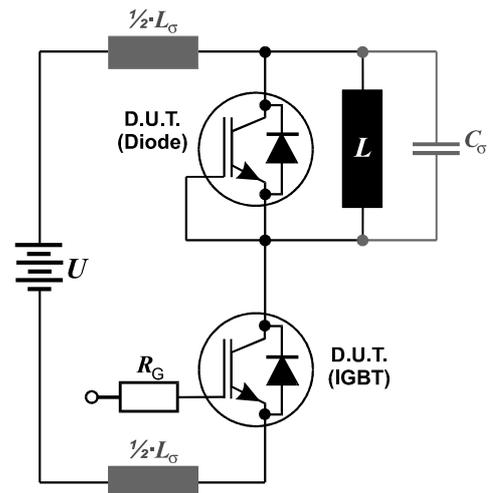


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit

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